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- Show Name: CEHv11 (312-50)
- Topic Name: Cloud Computing Cloud Computing
- Episode Name: Cloud Computing Basics

Cloud Computing Basics

Objectives:

- Types of Cloud Services
 - ∘ laaS
 - ∘ PaaS
 - SaaS
 - ∘ IDaaS
 - ID as a Service
 - Identity and Account Management Services
 - SSO
 - MFA
 - SECaaS
 - Security as a Service
 - Pentests
 - AV/EDR
 - Incident Response
 - CaaS
 - Container as a Service
 - Container/app/cluster management
 - ∘ FaaS
 - Function as a Service
 - Microservices
 - App Functions
 - AWS Lambda
- Responisibility Areas
 - $\circ \ \ \text{On Prem}$
 - ALL Subscriber
 - ∘ laaS
 - Subscriber
 - Applications
 - Data
 - Runtime
 - Middleware
 - OS
 - Service Provider

- Virtualization environment
- Metal servers
- Storage
- Network
- o PaaS
 - Subscriber
 - Applications
 - Data
 - Service Provider
 - Runtime
 - Middleware
 - OS
 - Virtualization environment
 - Metal servers
 - Storage
 - Network
- SaaS
 - ALL Serice Provider
- Deployment Models
 - Public
 - Private
 - Single org use
 - Community
 - Multiple org use
 - Common industry and security concerns
 - Healthcare
 - Transportation
 - Hotel
 - Hybrid
 - Some mixing of the cloud Deployment Models
 - Multi-Cloud
 - Environment that spans across Multiple cloud providers
 - Single management interface
- NIST Cloud Deployment Reference Architecture
 - Cloud Consumer
 - Cloud Provider
 - Cloud Carrier
 - The org that provides network connectivity between consumers and providers
 - Cloud Auditor
 - 3rd-party examiners
 - Regulation and compliance
 - Security and services

- Cloud Broker
 - Intermediary that specializes in cloud management
 - Categories
 - Service aggregation
 - The cloud broker combines and integrates multiple existing services into new service, carrying responsibility of data integration between cloud consumer and cloud providers.
 - Service intermediation
 - A cloud broker provides value-added service, enhancing an existing service by improving some of its capabilities.
 - Service arbitrage
 - This is similar to service aggregation but with flexible dynamic choice of service providers based on the broker's internal evaluations.
- Cloud Storage Architecture
 - o Front-End
 - Where the end user interacts with the data through an API
 - Middleware
 - Data De-duplication and Replication
 - Back-End
 - Metal hardware