

Terminal Control Keys

- Several key combinations on your keyboard usually have a special effect on the terminal.
- These "control" (CTRL) keys are accomplished by holding the CTRL key while typing the second key. For example, CTRL-c means to hold the CTRL key while you type the letter "c".
- The most common control keys are listed below:

CTRL-u - erase everything you've typed on the command line

CTRL-c - stop/kill a command

CTRL-h - backspace (usually)

CTRL-z - suspend a command

CTRL-s - stop the screen from scrolling

CTRL-q - continue scrolling

CTRL-d - exit from an interactive program (signals end of data)